

SET 2016
PAPER – II
EDUCATION

132551

Signature of the Invigilator

Question Booklet No.

1. OMR Sheet No.

Subject Code

ROLL No.

Time Allowed : 75 Minutes

Max. Marks : 100

No. of pages in this Booklet : 8

No. of Questions : 50

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

1. Write your Roll No. and the OMR Sheet No. in the spaces provided on top of this page.
2. Fill in the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR response sheet.
3. This booklet consists of fifty (50) compulsory questions each carrying 2 marks.
4. Examine the question booklet carefully and tally the number of pages/questions in the booklet with the information printed above. **Do not accept a damaged or open booklet.** Damaged or faulty booklet may be got replaced within the first 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time given.
5. Each Question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) in the OMR sheet. You have to completely darken the circle indicating the most appropriate response against each item as in the illustration.



6. All entries in the common OMR response sheet for Papers I and II are to be recorded in the original copy only.
7. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.
8. Rough Work is to be done on the blank pages provided at the end of this booklet.
9. If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except in the spaces allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
10. You have to return the Original OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. **You are, however, allowed to carry the test booklet and the duplicate copy of OMR Sheet** on conclusion of examination.
11. Use of any calculator, mobile phone or log table etc. is strictly prohibited.
12. **There is no negative marking.**

13-16

SEAL

PAPER-II
EDUCATION

1. Descartes cannot conceive of:
 - (A) Existing without a body
 - (B) Existing without a mind
 - (C) Existing without a brain
 - (D) Existing without a heart

2. According to logical positivism, a sentence is meaningful only if:
 - (A) It is logical
 - (B) It is not negative
 - (C) It is verifiable
 - (D) It is believable

3. Which of the following types represents M.K. Gandhi's contribution to education?
 - (A) Integral Education
 - (B) Basic Education
 - (C) Education for man making
 - (D) Education for International Understanding

4. Which is a common characteristic of philosophical questions?
 - (A) They are strictly empirical questions
 - (B) They involve fundamental concepts that are unavoidable by the thoughtful person
 - (C) They are purely semantic questions
 - (D) They aren't relevant to ordinary, everyday situations

5. In Marxist theory, _____ is the belief that the arrangement of the bourgeoisie owning the means of production and the proletariat working for the interests of the bourgeoisie is legitimate.
 - (A) False consciousness
 - (B) Left realism
 - (C) Post-modern criminology
 - (D) False realism

6. Which of the following is the contribution of Rousseau to education?
 - (A) Education for Freedom
 - (B) Education for Democracy
 - (C) Education for State Control
 - (D) Education for Nationalism

7. For Janism, Karma is:
 - (A) The spritual energy vital for the rigors of the religious life
 - (B) The "Book of Life" that is believed to be reviewed by God at the time of death
 - (C) The moral law of cause and effect that determines prospects for a good rebirth
 - (D) Ethical duty

8. India's Constitutional value of equality of all is founded on several assumptions. Which of the following is not among these?
 - (A) Claim of human dignity
 - (B) All men have intrinsic worth
 - (C) All men are alive by nature
 - (D) All men are created equal

9. Coherence is the criterion of truth is :
- Existentialism
 - Idealism
 - Marxism
 - Naturalism
10. Which of the following is not an essential part of Islamic belief?
- The belief in the oneness
 - The belief in the Day of Judgement
 - The belief in sorcery
 - The belief in prophets
11. Ego centricism is the chief character of a child at the stage of:
- Sensori motor
 - Pre-operational
 - Concrete-operation
 - Formal operation
12. Which of the following is not a true indicator of a moderately intellectually impaired child?
- Significant educational deficit
 - Sub average intelligence (I.Q.55-40)
 - Significant deficits in adaptive behaviour
 - Inconsistent academic achievement
13. The principles of development is not constituting :
- Integrity
 - Differentiability
 - Continuity
 - Sequentiality
14. Divergent thinking could not be identified by :
- Fluency
 - Expression
 - Receptivity
 - Concern for others
15. Psycho-Social development of an individual is described by Maslow by its postulates of Hierarchy of needs, which one of the postulates is not considered by him?
- Physiological needs
 - Self actualization
 - Need of self care
 - Love and belongingness
16. A suddenly realized solution to a problem which results from the reorganization of ideas and perception rather than from simple trial and error behaviour is called :
- Intelligence
 - Motivation
 - Insight
 - Accommodation
17. If a cricketer improves his bowling skills is not expected to transfer this skill to improve his batting skills, what is it called ?
- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| (A) Positive Transfer | (B) Negative Transfer |
| (C) No Transfer | (D) Zero Transfer |
18. The counselling which is prescriptive and informative is called :
- Directing counselling
 - Non-directive
 - Eclectic
 - Clinical
19. When a modifiable connection between a situation and response is made and accompanied or followed by a satisfying state of affairs to strengthen the work, the principle of learning that work is :
- Law of effect
 - Law of intensity
 - Law of practice
 - Law of readiness



20. Which one of the following is NOT a dimension of a creative personality?
- (A) Originality
 - (B) Flexibility
 - (C) Fluency
 - (D) Spontaneity
21. The term organic solidarity was coined by which of the following sociological thinkers?
- (A) Paulo Friere
 - (B) Talcott Parson
 - (C) Emile Durkheim
 - (D) John Cooley
22. Who propounded the theory of New Classical Elite?
- (A) Mosca & Pareto
 - (B) Max Weber
 - (C) George Herbert Mead
 - (D) Foucault
23. The concept of De-Schooling was given by:
- (A) John Dewey
 - (B) Ivan Illich
 - (C) Gintis
 - (D) Rousseau
24. Which one of the following is not covered under the "Element of Social Structure"?
- (A) Deviation
 - (B) Observance
 - (C) Sanction
 - (D) Group action
25. What are Social norms?
- (A) Rules whose observance is expected in a society
 - (B) Laws whose violation invariably leads to punishment
 - (C) Principles accepted as normal by sociology
 - (D) Codes which are presented in sacred texts
26. Who is the author of "Democracy and Education" – An introduction to the philosophy of education?
- (A) John Dewey
 - (B) John Rawls
 - (C) Rabindra Nath Tagore
 - (D) Pestalozzi
27. Who presented the idea of "Cultural Lag"?
- (A) Ogburn
 - (B) Malinowski
 - (C) MacIver
 - (D) Risley
28. Who pioneered the idea of scientific study of society?
- (A) Plato
 - (B) Adam Smith
 - (C) Auguste Comte
 - (D) John Graumi
29. Sociology is the science of interpretative understanding of social _____.
- (A) Contact
 - (B) Interaction
 - (C) Communication
 - (D) Relation

30. A social group is a system of social interaction. Who defined this ?
- (A) H.M. Johnson
(B) Marshal Jones
(C) Bogardus
(D) Simmel
31. What is the standard deviation of a sampling distribution called ?
- (A) Sample Error
(B) Standard Error
(C) Sampling Error
(D) None is correct
32. If the population is heterogenous, then a representative sample may be selected through :
- (A) Stratified Sample Method
(B) Quota Sampling Method
(C) Random Sampling Method
(D) Cluster Sampling Method
33. Reliability is most simply known as :
- (A) Ways in which people are the same
(B) A rank order of participants on some characteristics
(C) Consistency or Stability
(D) None is correct
34. Which of the following describe a peer review journal ?
- (A) A journal in electronic form
(B) A personal account of one's life that is shared with other people
(C) A journal that does not publish articles when they have been evaluated and recounted by one or two independent experts in the same field
(D) A journal that includes critical comments on recent articles
35. As compared to quantitative method, a qualitative method is :
- (A) More scientific and in-depth
(B) More precise and objective
(C) More systematic and precise
(D) None is correct
36. Which of the following is a type of criterion validity evidence ?
- (A) Predictive evidence
(B) Concurrent evidence
(C) Internal Consistency
(D) Both (A) and (B) are correct
37. Likert scale is also known as :
- (A) Summated rating scale
(B) Event Sampling
(C) Ranking scale
(D) Interview scale
38. With which of the following propositions, you do not agree ?
- (A) Research improves the quality of teaching
(B) Research is only a personal achievement
(C) Research contributes to social progress of the country
(D) Research leads to finding solution to many problems in the society
39. Indicator of good quality research journal :
- (A) H - Index
(B) G - Index
(C) i_{10} - Index
(D) Impact factor

SEAL

40. In the context of survey research, the following steps are to be taken to proceed research work :

1. Sampling
2. Inference
3. Data analysis
4. Data collection

- (A) 1, 4, 3, 2 (B) 4, 1, 2, 3
(C) 3, 2, 4, 1 (D) 1, 2, 3, 4

41. Select the correct matching from List I and List II :

	List I	List II
a.	Experimental research	1. Sampling
b.	Historical research	2. Meta analysis
c.	Philosophical research	3. Internal criticism
d.	Descriptive research	4. Content analysis
		5. Internal validity

Code :

- | | a | b | c | d |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (A) | 1 | 4 | 2 | 5 |
| (B) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| (C) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| (D) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

42. The measure of location is :

- (A) Standard deviation
(B) Mean
(C) Percentile
(D) Mode

43. The value of the degree of freedom :

- (A) Can be positive
(B) Is always positive
(C) Can be negative
(D) Can be some time positive or negative

44. Research means :

- (A) Finding solution to any problem
(B) Conducting experiments in research
(C) Scientific approach to new truth
(D) Searching again and again

45. Another name of non-parametric statistics is :

- (A) Formula free statistics
(B) Distribution free statistics
(C) Interpretation free statistics
(D) Symbol free statistics

46. Rorschach ink-blot test consists of measurement of :

- (A) Five black and white and five multi-colored cards
(B) Ten multi-coloured cards
(C) Both (A) and (B) are correct
(D) Ten black and ten white cards

47. Which of the following is an unstructured tool ?

- (A) Objective test
(B) Intelligence test
(C) Essay test
(D) Attitude test

48. Which of the following is not an approach of analysis of qualitative data ?

- (A) Logical analysis
(B) Content analysis
(C) Inductive analysis
(D) None is correct

9. Which of the following would not affect the internal validity of an experiment ?
- (A) Maturation
 - (B) Selection bias
 - (C) Interaction effect of test
 - (D) Experimental mortality
50. Which of the following is a method of quantitative research ?
- (A) Ethnomethodology
 - (B) Historical research
 - (C) Ex post facto research
 - (D) Case Study